



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

By Allah's name *Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)*

1. <i>Waylon</i> ¹ (woe/ruin/long lasting torture) for the <i>muttaffefeena</i> (weights and measures defrauders) ² .	وَيْلٌ لِّلْمُطَفِّفِينَ ﴿١﴾
2. Who ^r if <i>ektalo</i> ³ (they ^z measured) on ⁴ (from) the people <i>yastawfona</i> (they ^z affirm fullness).	الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَكْتَالُوا عَلَى النَّاسِ يَسْتَوْفُونَ ﴿٢﴾
3. And if <i>kalobum</i> (they ^z measured for them) or they ^z weighed (for) them <i>yokhserona</i> (they ^z cause loss to them).	وَإِذَا كَالُوهُمْ أَوْزَنُوهُمْ يُخْسِرُونَ ﴿٣﴾
4. Do not presume those that they (are) <i>maboothoona</i> ⁵ (they who are to be resurrected).	أَلَا يَظُنُّ أُولَئِكَ أَنَّهُمْ مَبْعُوثُونَ ﴿٤﴾
5. For a great day.	لِيَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿٥﴾
6. Day up ⁶ the people for the worlds' Lord.	يَوْمَ يَقُومُ النَّاسُ لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٦﴾
7. Not-at-all ⁷ ! Verily book (of) the <i>fujjar</i> ⁸ (religion-cover-rippers) surely (is) in <i>Sejjeenen</i> (book comprehensively containing the works of the religious-cover-rippers).	كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتَابَ الْفُجَّارِ لَفِي سَجِّينٍ ﴿٧﴾
8. And what <i>adra</i> (profoundly caused you ^s to know) what (is) <i>Sejjeenen</i> (book comprehensively containing the works of the religious-cover-rippers).	وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا سَجِّينٌ ﴿٨﴾
9. A book ^x <i>margoomon</i> (already marked/numbered).	كِتَابٌ مَّرْقُومٌ ﴿٩﴾
10. <i>Waylon</i> ⁹ (woe/ruin/long lasting torture) then-day for the deniers.	وَيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿١٠﴾
11. Who ^r they ^z deny by the <i>Deen</i> 's ¹⁰ (Requital's) Day.	الَّذِينَ يُكَذِّبُونَ بِيَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿١١﴾
12. And not denies by it ^x except every an aggressor <i>atheemen</i> (iterative sinner).	وَمَا يُكَذِّبُ بِهِ إِلَّا كُلُّ مُعْتَدٍ أَثِيمٍ ﴿١٢﴾
13. If (to be/being) recited on him Our <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (Qur'anic statement) said [be]: the firsts' fables.	إِذَا تَتْلَى عَلَيْهِ ءَايَتُنَا قَالَ أَسَاطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿١٣﴾
14. Not-at-all ¹¹ ! Rather <i>rana</i> ¹² (enwrapped/swaddled) over their hearts what they ^z were earning.	كَلَّا بَلْ رَانَ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِم مَّا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿١٤﴾

¹ *Waylon* (woe, ruin, long lasting torture, valley in the Hell Fire with intense heat that it melts every thing that is in it)!

² The word "المطففين" strictly, linguistically per se means they who slight others by defrauding through "measuring or weighting!"

³ The word "اكتالوا" = "اوزنوا". So, whatever is weighed is really measured and known! See *اللسان*!

⁴ The word "على" has nine different meanings, among them: from! See *الهادي للكرمي المعني*, لابن هشام

⁵ This is "disapprobatory (condemnatory) interrogative, implying negation" = "سؤال إنكاري و تقريري" i.e. inquiry, which disapprove and condemns the addressees for driving the situation to such an inquiry!

⁶ There is a distinction between "يقوم" = "up" = "get up or rise" (in the intransitive sense, and "stand" = "إقف"

⁷ The word "كلا" is an article of negation particularized for deterrence and prevention!

⁸ The word "فجار" = "rippers of religious cover," as the religious cover prohibits and prevents its wearer from committing crimes in the open! So when the rippers of religious cover rip off such a cover they exceed the bounds! See *الراغب* for the word "إفاجر"

⁹ *Waylon* (ruin, long lasting torture, valley in the Hell Fire with intense heat that it melts every thing that is in it)!

¹⁰ "Deen," = Day of Judgment, where each is accorded his/her dues, good or bad! Also it could mean Islam, see (S82:9)!

¹¹ See footnote 6402 above regarding "كلا"

¹² The word "ران" linguistically, means covered or engrossed! See *اللسان*!

13 The word “صَالُو” transliterated “ssalo” here for lack of a properly corresponding word in English, means *broil simultaneously from all sides*, as if the entire body is *immersed* in the intensely heated Fire!

14 The word “الجَـحِـم” is proper noun, but it means *intensely blazing fire*! See **الراغب**!

15 See footnote 6402 above regarding “إِكْلَا”

16 See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for this great word!

17 The word “عَلِيَّـن” means the most high! See **اللسان**!

18 See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for full elaboration on this great word.

19 The word “يَسْقُونَ” rooted in “أَسْقَى” and not “إَسْقَى” And “أَسْقَى” means *availed water for drinking*! See **الراغب**!

20 The phrase “*its seal(is) musk*” is a figurative speech of Arabic tongue expressions meaning: *with best end result*!

21 That is “*from*” it, i.e. *part of its drinkable drink*!

22 The word “أَجْرَمُوا” is made up of two parts: (1) “أَجْرَمَ” and (2) the “مُوا” = the *absentees masculine speakers’* pronoun for a *plural*. However, part (1) “أَجْرَمُوا” is a *past tense* for which there is *no English correspondent verb*! So, the closest *approximation* to that is: “*crime committed*,” which slightly *different* then the *original text*!

23 It must be noted here with respect to the word “ضَحَك” which bears *different* meaning depending on its use *with other prepositional particles, natural bodies*, or if it is *standing by itself*! Thus (1) standing by itself “ضَحَك” = “فَـحَـه و فَتَحَ فَاه و ضَحَك السحاب و” (4) “هَـزَئَ بِهِ” = “ضَحَك عَلَيْهِ” (3) “يَسْخَرُ مِنْهُ” = “ضَحَك مِنْهُ” (2) whereas “أَخْرَجَ صَوْتًا مَظْهَرًا السَّرُورِ” = “الزَّهْر و العُشْب و الضَّحْكُ الأَرْضِ” In this great *Ayah*, “أَبْرَقَ السَّحَابَ وَ الزَّهْرَ انشَقَّ وَ تَفَتَّقَ وَ العُشْبَ اسْتَبَانَ وَ الأَرْضَ بَدَأَ نَبَاتُهَا” = “مِنْهَا يَضْحَكُونَ” = “مِنْهَا يَسْخَرُونَ” = “laughing” scornfully!

30. And if they ^z passed-by them (<i>the passers-by</i>) <i>yataghma- zona</i> (they ^z <i>mutually wink their eyes malignly</i>).	وَإِذَا مَرُّوا بِهِمْ يَتَغَامَزُونَ ﴿٣٠﴾
31. And if transposed they ^z to their families they ^z transposed <i>fakebeena</i> ²⁴ (<i>marveling and luxuriating wantoners</i>).	وَإِذَا أَنْقَلَبُوا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِمْ أَنْقَلَبُوا فَكِهِينَ ﴿٣١﴾
32. And if they ^z saw them said they ^z : verily these surely (<i>are</i>) strayers.	وَإِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ قَالُوا إِنَّ هَٰؤُلَاءِ لَضَالُّونَ ﴿٣٢﴾
33. And not [were] they ^z sent on them keepers-up ²⁵ .	وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ حَافِظِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾
34. So today, who ^r believed they ^z of the unbelievers they ^z laugh (<i>scornfully</i>) ²⁶ .	فَالْيَوْمَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مِنَ الْكُفَّارِ يَضْحَكُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾
35. On the couches they ^z look.	عَلَى الْأَرَآئِكِ يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾
36. Have the unbelievers (<i>had been</i>) rewarded what they ^z were doing.	هَلْ ثَوَابَ الْكُفَّارِ مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾

²⁴ The word “فَكِهٍ وَفَكِهَةٍ” has *many* meanings, among them: (1) ناعم و مُعْجَب الذي ينال من أعراض الناس أو الأشر (2) ناعم و مُعْجَب And among The Qur'an commentators it is agreed that that the Paradise's people are (1) معجبون و ناعمون ; = *marveling and luxuriating*; and the Hell's people are (2) أشْرين = *wantoners*! See اللسان!

²⁵ The word “حافظين” is rooted in “حفظ” which is to “kept-up” not just “kept, or maintained,” or even “guarded!” Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts “keep up” as: “to *stay even* (as in *acts of strength, endurance, or speed*) *although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports*!” (*Emphasis is added*)!

²⁶ See footnote 6449 above regarding “ضحك”!